Table SI. Demographic findings of participants in this cohort

| Demographic characteristics | | ntrols %) | Patien | ts with AA | Total |
|--|----------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------------------|---------|
| | 11 (| 70) | 11 (70) | | |
| Sex | | | | | |
| Male | 190 |),429 (52.1) | 2,498 | (53.1) | 192,927 |
| Female | 174 | 1,883 (47.9) | 2,209 | (46.9) | 177,092 |
| Enrolled age* | | | | | |
| 0 years | 108,015 (29.6) | | 495 (10.5) | | 108,510 |
| 1-5 years | 50,370 (13.8) | | 592 (12.6) | | 50,962 |
| 6-10 years | 71,813 (19.7) | | 829 (17.6) | | 72,642 |
| 10-14 years | 68 | 3,367 (18.7) | 1,148 | (24.4) | 69,515 |
| 15-20 years | 66 | 5,747 (18.3) | 1,643 | (34.9) | 68,390 |
| Residential area | | | | | |
| Rural | 112 | 2,433 (30.8) | 1,474 | (31.3) | 113,907 |
| Urban | 252 | 2,879 (69.2) | 3,233 | (68.7) | 256,112 |
| Type of insurance** | | | | | |
| Employee | 159 | 9,439 (43.6) | 2,314 | (49.2) | 161,753 |
| Self-employed | 196,539 (53.8) | | 2,266 (48.1) | | 198,805 |
| Medical aid | 9,334 (2.6) | | 127 | (2.7) | 9,461 |
| Income level | | | | | |
| Low | 37,295 (10.2) | | 513 (10.9) | | 37,808 |
| Low-middle | 83,211 (22.8) | | 1,064 | (22.6) | 84,275 |
| Middle-high | 148,602 (40.7) | | 1,685 (35.8) | | 150,287 |
| High | 96,204 (26.3) | | 1,445 (30.7) | | 97,649 |
| Psychiatric disorder | | | | | |
| No | 341,852 (93.6) | | 4,224 (89.7) | | 346,076 |
| Yes | 23 | 3,460 (6.4) | 483 | (10.3) | 23,943 |
| | Rate | 95% CI | Rate | 95% CI | |
| Psychiatric disorder rate (cases/100,000 person-years) | 853.7 | (842.8- 864.7) | 2,862.5 | (2,641.7- 3,157.5) | 866.0 |
| Total | 365,312 | 100.0 | 4,707 | 100.0 | 370,019 |

^{*}Age when enrolled in this cohort study. **In Korea, national health insurance service is being applied and type of insurance of participants was decided by insurance of participants' parents until participants get their jobs. CI: confidence interval.