Table SI. Our patient and literature review

N°	Ref.	Age, years/ Sex	Site	Clinical/histological diagnosis	History of LCH	Treatment
1	Our case	6/F	Neck, axillae and groin region and external genitalia	Agminated Spitzoid junctional naevi	At 2 months of age LCH MS	Chemotherapy (vinblastine, prednisone and methotrexate)
2	Feldstein et al. 2015 (5)	11/M	Bilateral axillae, groin area and buttocks	Agminated junctional naevi	At 6 months of age LCH SS-m	Topical treatment (triamcinolone and clobetasol)
3	Surinach et al. 2013 (4)	9/M	Bilateral inguinal and axillary regions	Junctional naevi with spitzoid features	At age 2 years LCH MS	Chemotherapy (vinblastine and prednisone)
4	Surinach et al. 2013 (4)	12/M	Bilateral inguinal folds	Melanocytic naevi	At age 18 months LCH MS	Chemotherapy (vinblastine and prednisone) topical mechlorethamine
5	Berk et al. 2010 (3)	7/M	Groin region, the arms, left axilla, left leg and trunk $% \left( \mathbf{r}\right) =\mathbf{r}$	Agminated spitz naevi	At first few months of age LCH MS	Chemotherapy (vinblastine)

Langerhans cell histiocytosis (LCH) is classified into 3 distinct forms: single-system single site (SS-s), single system multi-site (SS-m), and a multisystem type (MS)