

Table SII. Sex and age of the patients and anatomical location of naevi

Characteristics	Total n = 80 (100%)	Two subtypes		p-value	
		CAN n = 60 (75%)	DN n = 20 (25%)	Non-parametric	Parametric
Age, years, mean (SD)	42.75 (16.78)	40.78 (16.56)	48.65 (16.42)	0.08	0.07
Sex, n (%)				1	1
Women	59 (73.75)	44 (73.33)	15 (75)		
Men	21 (26.25)	16 (26.67)	5 (25)		
Location, n (%)				0.52	0.39
Head and neck	12 (15)	11 (18.33)	1 (5)		
Upper anterior trunk	4 (5)	4 (6.67)	0 (0)		
Lower anterior trunk	12 (15)	9 (15)	3 (15)		
Upper back	27 (33.75)	17 (28.33)	10 (50)		
Lower back	7 (8.75)	5 (8.33)	2 (10)		
Upper limbs	3 (3.75)	3 (5)	0 (0)		
Lower limbs	15 (18.75)	11 (18.33)	4 (20)		
Sun exposure, n (%)				0.28	0.28
Chronic	12 (15)	11 (18.33)	1 (5)		
Intermittent	68 (85)	49 (81.67)	19 (95)		

The significance of the differences was assessed with parametric tests (Pearson's *t*-test and independence test (χ^2)) or non-parametric tests (Mann-Whitney or Fisher's exact test), as appropriate.

SD: standard deviation; CAN: common acquired naevi; DN: dysplastic naevi.