Table SI. Stevens-Johnson syndrome/toxic epidermal necrolysis (SJS/TEN) sequelae: interview questionnaire

Case number/Chart number				
Name/Age				
Phone number				
Organ involvement during acute stage	Eye			
	Mucosa			
	Hepatic			
	Pulmonary			
	Renal			
1. Did you regularly go to the hospital for a specific problem after the diagnosis of SJS/TEN? (Consecutive visits more than 3 times)	A. If yes, please go to question 2 and answer the subsequent questions B. If no, please go to question 10-1			
2. Did you go to the ophthalmology clinic in this period?	A. If yes, what was the diagnosis? B. What examinations did you receive, and what were the results? C. What is the current treatment?			
3. Did you go to the chest clinic in this period?	A. If yes, what was the diagnosis? B. What examinations did you receive, and what were the results? C. What is the current treatment?			
4. Did you go to the hepato-gastroenterology clinic in this period?	A. If yes, what was the diagnosis? B. What examinations did you receive, and what were the results? C. What is the current treatment?			
5. (For female patient only) Did you go to the gynecology clinic in this period?	A. If yes, what was the diagnosis? B. What examinations did you receive, and what were the results? C. What is the current treatment?			
6. Did you go to the nephrology clinic in this period?	A. If yes, what was the diagnosis? B. What examinations did you receive, and what were the results? C. What is the current treatment?			
7. Did you go to the cardiovascular clinic in this period?	A. If yes, what was the diagnosis? B. What examinations did you receive, and what were the results? C. What is the current treatment?			
8. Did you go to the rheumatology clinic in this period?	A. If yes, what was the diagnosis? B. What examinations did you receive, and what were the results? C. What is the current treatment?			
9. Have you ever been diagnosed with cancer after SJS/TEN?	A. If yes, what was the diagnosis? B. What examinations did you receive, and what were the results? C. What is the current treatment?			
10. Did you go to the dermatology clinic in this period?	A. If yes, what was the diagnosis? B. What examinations did you receive, and what were the results? C. What is the current treatment?			
10-1. Did you have skin or nail problems after the previous drug eruption?	Hyperpigmentation? Hypopigmentation? Itching sensation? Nail change? Other abnormality?			
For patients who died	When did the patient pass away? What was the cause of death diagnosed by the physicians?			

Table SII. Pattern of long-term sequelae in 102 patients with Stevens-Johnson syndrome (SJS)/toxic epidermal necrolysis (TEN) overlap, and TEN

Sequelae	All cases n=102 n (%)	SJS n=81 n (%)	SJS/TEN overlap + TEN $n=21$ n (%)	<i>p</i> -value
All sequelae	68 (66.7)	51 (63.0)	17 (81.0)	0.119
Cutaneous	45 (44.1)	35 (43.2)	10 (47.6)	0.887
Chronic eczema	32 (31.4)	24 (29.6)	8 (38.1)	0.456
Nail change	12 (11.8)	6 (7.4)	6 (28.6)	0.007
Post-inflammatory hypo- or hyper-pigmentation	14 (13.7)	11 (13.6)	3 (14.3)	0.933
Vitiligo	2 (2.0)	1 (1.2)	1 (4.8)	0.299
Autoimmune bullous disease	1 (1.0)	1 (1.2)	0 (0.0)	0.609
Ocular	45 (44.1)	32 (39.5)	13 (61.9)	0.065
Dry eye syndrome	33 (32.4)	24 (29.6)	9 (42.9)	0.248
Chronic conjunctivitis	22 (21.6)	15 (18.5)	7 (33.3)	0.141
Trichiasis	6 (5.9)	1 (1.2)	5 (23.8)	0.000
Corneal erosion	5 (4.9)	4 (4.9)	1 (4.8)	0.973
Symblepharon/Synechia	4 (3.9)	1 (1.2)	3 (14.3)	0.006
Meibomian gland dysfunction	2 (2.0)	1 (1.2)	1 (4.8)	0.299
Nasolacrimal duct obstruction	1 (1.0)	1 (1.2)	0 (0.0)	0.609
Connective tissue diseases				
Systemic lupus erythematosus	1 (1.0)	1 (1.2)	0 (0)	0.609
Hashimoto thyroiditis	1 (1.0)	1 (1.2)	0 (0)	0.609
Primary Sjögren's syndrome	2 (2.0)	2 (2.5)	0 (0)	0.467
Visceral organ involvement				
Pulmonary	1 (1.0)	1 (1.2)	0 (0)	0.609
Renal	2(2.0)	2 (2.5)	0 (0)	0.467

Significant values are shown in bold.

Table SIII. Summary of demographic and clinical characteristics for the patients who died after discharge

Pat No./Sex/ Age, years	Follow-up period ^a	Underlying disease	Sequelae	Cause of death	Death related to the sequelae of SJS/TEN
1/M/73	8.5 years	Cervical spondylyosis	Chronic eczema	Unknown	No
2/M/77	3.5 years	HTN, COPD, Colon cancer	None	Lung cancer with multiple metastases	No
3/F/46	1.8 years	Breast cancer with multiple	Dry eye syndrome	Progression of breast cancer	No
	·	metastases	Mebomian gland obstruction	Urinary tract infection, sepsis	
4/M/82	1.2 years	Pulmonary TB, CRI, hyperuricemia	Chronic pruritus	Pneumonia with respiratory failure	No
5/F/64	2.8 years	DM, HTN, Psoriasis	Sjögren's syndrome	Pneumonia with respiratory failure	No
6/F/77	3.3 years	DM, HTN, RA, PAOD	None	Acute upper airway obstruction	No
7/M/65	10.5 years	Psoriasis	None	Organophosphate intoxication	No
8/M/61	4.8 years	MEN type I CRI, gout	Chronic eczema	Acute subdural haemorrhage	No
9/F/78	1.2 years	DM, HTN	Generalized asteatotic eczema	Unknown primary neuroendocrine tumour with liver and lymph node metastasis	No
10/F/53	1.2 years	Breast cancer with brain metastasis	Dry eye syndrome	Unknown	No
11/M/71	1.0 years	Seizure, ESRD, CAD, AS, DM, HTN	None	Pneumonia with sepsis	No
12/M/76	4.0 months	Common bile duct and gall stone	Chronic conjunctivitis	Acute cholangitis with sepsis	No
13/39/M	9.9 months	Mitochondrial encephalopathy DM	None	Aspiration pneumonia with sepsis	No
14/87/F	2.6 months	HTN, old stroke	Generalized asteatotic eczema	Aspiration pneumonia with sepsis	No
15/80/M	6.8 months	Pulmonary TB Lymphoma	None	Pneumocystis jiroveci pneumonia	No

^aTime from presentation with SJS/TEN to death.

AS: ankylosing spondylitis; CAD: coronary artery disease; COPD: chronic obstructive pulmonary disease; CRI: chronic renal insufficiency; DM: diabetes mellitus; ESRD: end-stage renal disease; F: female; HTN: hypertension; M: male; MEN: multiple endocrine neoplasia; RA: rheumatoid arthritis; TB: tuberculosis.