

Fig. S2. FERMT1 mutation analysis reveals the novel mutation c.1564 delC in exon 12 of the FERMT1 gene in the maternal allele (a). RT-PCR using mRNA from normal human keratinocytes (1), normal human fibroblasts (2) and fibroblasts from the patient (3). Some amount of FERMT1 mRNA is detected in the normal human fibroblasts (arrow); in contrast, no PCR product is observed in the fibroblasts from the patient (b).